

University of Minnesota Duluth



#### **About This Report**

## About Your Engagement Indicators Report

Engagement Indicators (EIs) provide a useful summary of the detailed information contained in your students' NSSE responses. By combining responses to related NSSE questions, each EI offers valuable information about a distinct aspect of student engagement. Ten indicators, based on three to eight survey questions each (a total of 47 survey questions), are organized into four broad themes as shown at right.

Theme	Engagement Indicator
	Higher-Order Learning
Academic Challenge	Reflective & Integrative Learning
	Learning Strategies
	Quantitative Reasoning
Lograing with Boors	Collaborative Learning
Learning with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others
Experiences with Faculty	Student-Faculty Interaction
Experiences with rucuity	Effective Teaching Practices
Camana Faninana ant	Quality of Interactions
Campus Environment	Supportive Environment

#### **Report Sections**

Overview (p. 3)

Displays how average EI scores for your students compare with those of students at your comparison group institutions.

Theme Reports (pp. 4-13)

Detailed views of EI scores within the four themes for your students and those at comparison group institutions. Three views offer varied insights into your EI scores:

#### Mean Comparisons

Straightforward comparisons of average scores between your students and those at comparison group institutions, with tests of significance and effect sizes (see below).

#### Score Distributions

Box-and-whisker charts show the variation in scores within your institution and comparison groups.

#### Performance on Indicator Items

Responses to each item in a given EI are summarized for your institution and comparison groups.

Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions (p. 15) Comparisons of your students' average scores on each EI with those of students at institutions whose average scores were in the top 50% and top 10% of 2019 and 2020 participating institutions.

Detailed Statistics (pp. 16-19)

Detailed information about EI score means, distributions, and tests of statistical significance.

#### **Interpreting Comparisons**

Mean comparisons report both statistical significance and effect size. Effect size indicates the practical importance of an observed difference. For EI comparisons, NSSE research has concluded that an effect size of about .1 may be considered small, .3 medium, and .5 large (Rocconi & Gonyea, 2018). Comparisons with an effect size of at least .3 in magnitude (before rounding) are highlighted in the Overview (p. 3).

Els vary more among students within an institution than between institutions, like many experiences and outcomes in higher education. As a result, focusing attention on average scores alone amounts to examining the tip of the iceberg. It's equally important to understand how student engagement varies within your institution. Score distributions indicate how El scores vary among your students and those in your comparison groups. The Report Builder and your Major Field Report (both to be released in the fall) offer valuable perspectives on internal variation and help you investigate your students' engagement in depth.

#### **How Engagement Indicators are Computed**

Each EI is scored on a 60-point scale. To produce an indicator score, the response set for each item is converted to a 60-point scale (e.g., Never = 0; Sometimes = 20; Often = 40; Very often = 60), and the rescaled items are averaged. Thus a score of zero means a student responded at the bottom of the scale for every item in the EI, while a score of 60 indicates responses at the top of the scale on every item.

For more information on EIs and their psychometric properties, refer to the NSSE website: nsse.indiana.edu

Rocconi, L.M., & Gonyea, R.M. (2018). Contextualizing effect sizes in the National Survey of Student Engagement: An empirical analysis. *Research & Practice in Assessment,* 13 (Summer/Fall), pp. 22-38.



# Overview University of Minnesota Duluth

### **Engagement Indicators: Overview**

Engagement Indicators are summary measures based on sets of NSSE questions examining key dimensions of student engagement. The ten indicators are organized within four broad themes: Academic Challenge, Learning with Peers, Experiences with Faculty, and Campus Environment. The tables below compare average scores for your students with those in your comparison groups.

#### Use the following key:

- **Your students' average** was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.
- $\triangle$  Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- -- No significant difference.
- $\nabla$  Your students' average was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- **Your students' average** was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

First-Year Stud	lents	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	UMD Peers	UMD Competitors	NSSE Carnegie
	Higher-Order Learning	$\nabla$	$\nabla$	$\nabla$
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning	$\nabla$	$\nabla$	$\nabla$
Challenge	Learning Strategies	$\nabla$	$\nabla$	$\nabla$
	Quantitative Reasoning			
Learning with	Collaborative Learning			Δ
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	$\nabla$		$\nabla$
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	$\nabla$	$\nabla$	$\nabla$
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices			$\nabla$
Campus	Quality of Interactions			$\nabla$
Environment	Supportive Environment	$\nabla$	$\nabla$	•

	Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with
Engagement Indicator	UMD Peers	<b>UMD Competitors</b>	NSSE Carnegie
Higher-Order Learning	$\nabla$	$\nabla$	$\nabla$
Reflective & Integrative Learning			$\nabla$
Learning Strategies	$\nabla$	$\nabla$	•
Quantitative Reasoning			
Collaborative Learning	Δ	Δ	Δ
Discussions with Diverse Others	$\nabla$		$\nabla$
Student-Faculty Interaction			$\nabla$
Effective Teaching Practices	$\nabla$		$\nabla$
Quality of Interactions			$\nabla$
Supportive Environment	$\nabla$		$\nabla$
	Higher-Order Learning Reflective & Integrative Learning Learning Strategies Quantitative Reasoning  Collaborative Learning Discussions with Diverse Others  Student-Faculty Interaction Effective Teaching Practices  Quality of Interactions	Engagement Indicator       Compared with UMD Peers         Higher-Order Learning       ▼         Reflective & Integrative Learning          Learning Strategies       ▼         Quantitative Reasoning          Collaborative Learning       △         Discussions with Diverse Others       ▼         Student-Faculty Interaction          Effective Teaching Practices       ▼         Quality of Interactions	Engagement Indicator       compared with UMD Peers       compared with UMD Compared with UMD Competitors         Higher-Order Learning       ▼       ▼         Reflective & Integrative Learning           Learning Strategies       ▼       ▼         Quantitative Reasoning           Collaborative Learning       △       △         Discussions with Diverse Others       ▼          Student-Faculty Interaction           Effective Teaching Practices       ▼          Quality of Interactions



## **Academic Challenge**

### **University of Minnesota Duluth**

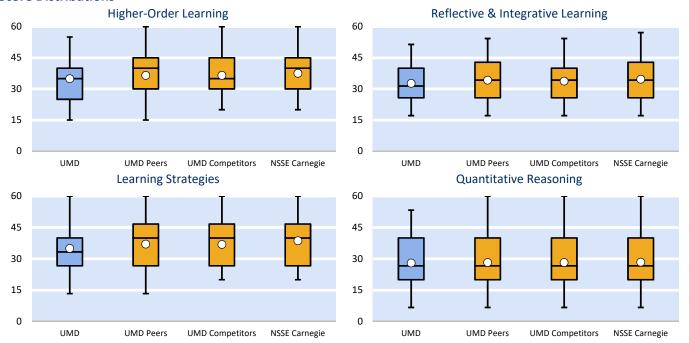
### **Academic Challenge: First-year students**

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies*, and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with				
	UMD	UMD Peers Effect	UMD Competitors  Effect	NSSE Carnegie Effect		
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size		
Higher-Order Learning	34.9	36.6 ***13	36.6 ***13	37.6 ***21		
Reflective & Integrative Learning	32.7	34.2 ***13	33.8 **10	34.7 ***17		
Learning Strategies	35.0	37.1 ***15	36.9 ***14	38.7 ***27		
Quantitative Reasoning	28.0	28.202	28.201	28.403		

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

#### **Score Distributions**



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



## **Academic Challenge**

## **University of Minnesota Duluth**

## **Academic Challenge: First-year students (continued)**

#### **Performance on Indicator Items**

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point	difference <sup>a</sup> between yo	ur FY students and
Higher-Order Learning	UMD	UMD Peers	UMD Competitors	NSSE Carnegie
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%			
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	69	-1	-1	+0
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	61	-6	-6	-8
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	56	-9	-10	-14
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	62	-3	-4	-7
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	54	+4	+5	+3
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	41	-6	-8	-9
2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	38	-11	-10	-13
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	57	-5	-1	-6
2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	64	-4	-2	-6
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	61	-4	-3	-4
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	77	+0	+2	+1
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	69	-3	-3	-6
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	59	-5	-5	-9
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	55	-7	-6	-9
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	54	+1	+3	+3
6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	40	-0	-1	-1
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	41	+1	+1	+2

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage—Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



# **Academic Challenge**

## **University of Minnesota Duluth**

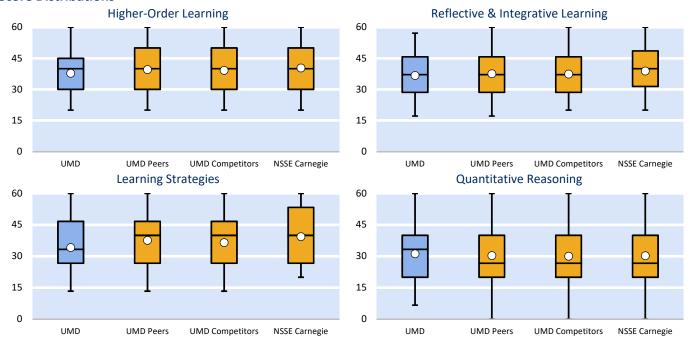
### **Academic Challenge: Seniors**

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies*, and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your seniors compared with	
	UMD	UMD Peers Effect	UMD Competitors  Effect	NSSE Carnegie  Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Higher-Order Learning	37.8	39.6 ***14	39.2 **11	40.4 ***19
Reflective & Integrative Learning	36.7	37.607	37.406	38.9 ***17
Learning Strategies	34.1	37.5 ***24	36.5 ***17	39.3 ***37
Quantitative Reasoning	31.1	30.3 .05	30.0 .07	30.2 .06

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

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Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



## **Academic Challenge**

## **University of Minnesota Duluth**

## **Academic Challenge: Seniors (continued)**

#### **Performance on Indicator Items**

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage poir	nt difference <sup>a</sup> between	your seniors and
Higher-Order Learning	UMD	UMD Peers	UMD Competitors	NSSE Carnegie
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%		·	
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	76	-0	-1	-2
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	70	-3	-3	-5
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	62	-8	-6	-12
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	67	-4	-4	-6
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	74	+5	+3	+3
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	56	-3	<b>∥</b> -3	-7
2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	45	-6	-5	-11
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	60	-5	-4	-8
2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	68	-3	+1	-7
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	71	-1	-1	-1
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	84	+2	+0	-1
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	70	-5	-5	-9
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	49	-11	-8	-16
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	54	-8	-5	-12
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	59	+4	+4	+4
6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	46	+1	+1	+0
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	49	+2	+1	+3

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# Learning with Peers University of Minnesota Duluth

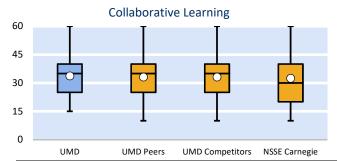
### **Learning with Peers: First-year students**

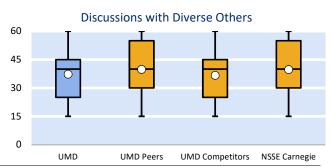
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and developing interpersonal and social competence prepare students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Yo	our first-year students compared w	rith
	UMD	UMD Peers UMD Competitors  Effect Effect		NSSE Carnegie  Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Collaborative Learning	33.7	33.1 .04	33.1 .05	32.4 ** .10
Discussions with Diverse Others	37.2	39.8 ***17	36.7 .04	39.7 ***16

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

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#### **Performance on Indicator Items**

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		Percentage point	difference <sup>a</sup> between yo	our FY students and
			UMD	
Collaborative Learning	UMD	UMD Peers	Competitors	NSSE Carnegie
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	56	+1	ļ -0	+3
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	62	+3	+4	+5
1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	52	+1	+1	+2
1h. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	60	+2	+2	+4
Discussions with Diverse Others				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with				
8a. People of a race or ethnicity other than your own	56	-14	-2	-16
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	67	-6	+2	-5
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	65	-5	+2	-2
8d. People with political views other than your own	68	+0	+3	+2

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# Learning with Peers University of Minnesota Duluth

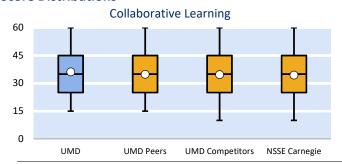
### **Learning with Peers: Seniors**

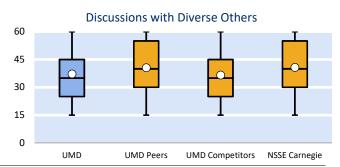
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Mean Comparisons			Your seniors compared with	
	UMD	UMD UMD Peers UMD Competito  Effect Effect		NSSE Carnegie Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Collaborative Learning	36.2	34.9 ** .10	34.8 ** .10	34.5 *** .13
Discussions with Diverse Others	37.2	40.6 ***22	36.6 .04	40.8 ***23

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

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	Percentage point difference <sup>a</sup> between your senion		
		UMD	
UMD	UMD Peers	Competitors	NSSE Carnegie
%			
55	+5	+4	+8
66	+3	+3	+3
56	+3	+5	+4
75	+4	+4	+6
54	-17	-3	-21
67	-6	+2	-6
66	-4	+2	-4
67	-1	+4	+1
	% 55 66 56 75 54 67 66	UMD UMD Peers  %  55	UMD UMD Peers Competitors  %  55

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# Experiences with Faculty University of Minnesota Duluth

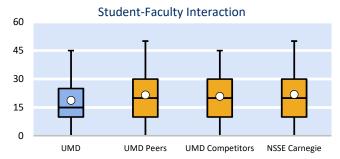
### **Experiences with Faculty: First-year students**

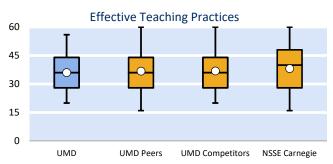
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		You	ır first-year students compared w	ith
·	UMD	UMD Peers Effect	UMD Competitors  Effect	NSSE Carnegie Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Student-Faculty Interaction	18.7	21.6 ***20	20.8 ***15	21.9 ***22
Effective Teaching Practices	36.0	36.706	36.907	38.1 ***16

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

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		Percentage p	oint difference <sup>a</sup>	between y	our FY students and
				MD	
Student-Faculty Interaction	UMD	UMD Peers	Comp	etitors	NSSE Carnegie
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%				
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	28	-12		-9	-10
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	17	-4		-3	-3
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	22	-3		-2	-5
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	22	-8		-5	-11
Effective Teaching Practices					
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have					
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	74	-2		-1	-2
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	74	+2	+1	)	+1
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	73	+1	+0	)	-0
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	55	-3		-4	-8
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	53	-3		-3	-6

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# Experiences with Faculty University of Minnesota Duluth

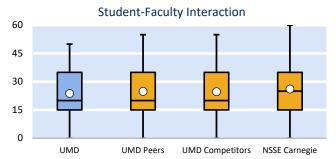
## **Experiences with Faculty: Seniors**

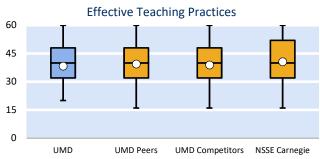
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	UMD	UMI	O Peers Effect	UMD C	ompetitors Effect	NSSE Carnegi		
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Student-Faculty Interaction	23.8	24.8	07	24.6	06	26.1 ***	14	
Effective Teaching Practices	38.2	39.4 *	09	38.9	05	40.5 ***	17	

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		Percentage poi	nt difference <sup>a</sup> between	your seniors and
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Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	40	-4	-5	-9
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	28	-1	-2	-2
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	35	-1	+1	-2
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	29	-5	-2	-9
Effective Teaching Practices				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	77	-2	-2	-4
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	75	-3	-3	-2
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	77	-1	-1	-2
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	60	-1	-0	-5
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	66	+1	+5	-0

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage—Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



### **Campus Environment**

### **University of Minnesota Duluth**

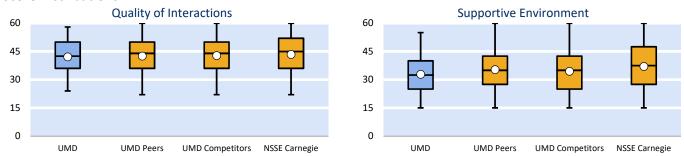
#### **Campus Environment: First-year students**

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your	first-year students compared w	ith
	UMD	UMD Peers	UMD Competitors	NSSE Carnegie
		Effect	Effect	Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Quality of Interactions	42.1	42.604	42.907	43.4 **11
Supportive Environment	32.9	35.4 ***19	34.4 ***13	37.1 ***31

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

#### **Score Distributions**



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

#### **Performance on Indicator Items**

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point of	difference <sup>a</sup> between yo	our FY students and
			UMD	
Quality of Interactions	UMD	UMD Peers	Competitors	NSSE Carnegie
$Percentage\ rating\ their\ interactions\ a\ 6\ or\ 7\ (on\ a\ scale\ from\ 1="Poor"\ to\ 7="Excellent")\ with$	%			
13a. Students	51	-0	-2	-2
13b. Academic advisors	47	-6	-3	-6
13c. Faculty	46	-1	-3	-7
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	43	-2	-3	-5
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	43	-2	-4	-5
Supportive Environment				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized				
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	67	-7	-5	-7
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	70	-6	-2	-6
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	54	-7	-2	-10
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	70	-2	+0	-4
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	68	-1	-2	-3
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	35	-3	-4	-11
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	55	-10	-7	-12
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	37	-11	-8	-16

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



# Campus Environment University of Minnesota Duluth

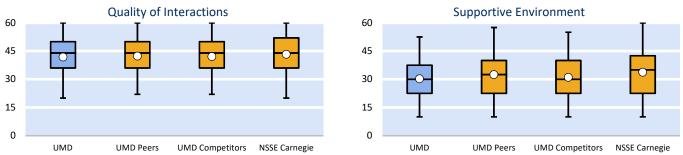
#### **Campus Environment: Seniors**

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons				Your seniors co	mpared with			
	UMD	UMD		UMD Co	ompetitors	NSSE Ca	U	
			Effect		Effect		Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Quality of Interactions	41.9	42.3	04	42.1	02	43.3 **	11	
Supportive Environment	30.3	32.5 ***	16	31.1	06	33.8 ***	24	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

#### **Score Distributions**



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

#### **Performance on Indicator Items**

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

	Percentage point difference <sup>a</sup> between your senio  UMD  UMD UMD Peers Competitors NSSE									
			UMD							
Quality of Interactions	UMD	UMD Peers	Competitors	NSSE Carnegie						
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent") with	%									
13a. Students	57	-2	+0	-1						
13b. Academic advisors	45	-1	-3	-7						
13c. Faculty	53	-2	+0	-5						
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	42	-1	<b>∮</b> -0	-5						
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	41	-2	-2	-6						
Supportive Environment		·								
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized										
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	68	-3	+0	-4						
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	63	-1	+1	-4						
$14d. \ \ Encouraging \ contact \ among \ students \ from \ diff. \ backgrounds \ (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)$	48	-6	+1	-10						
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	66	+1	+2	-1						
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	63	-2	+1	-2						
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	26	-5	-4	-10						
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	48	-8	-4	-8						
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	34	-9	-5	-11						

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage—Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.

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# Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions University of Minnesota Duluth

## Comparisons with Top 50% and Top 10% Institutions

While NSSE's policy is not to rank institutions (see **go.iu.edu/NSSE-PnP**), the results below are designed to compare the engagement of your students with those attending two groups of institutions identified by NSSE after their high average levels of student engagement:

- (a) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 50% of all 2019 and 2020 NSSE institutions, and
- (b) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 10% of all 2019 and 2020 NSSE institutions.

While the average scores for most institutions are below the mean for the top 50% or top 10%, your institution may show areas of distinction where your average student was as engaged as (or even more engaged than) the typical student at high-performing institutions. A check mark  $(\checkmark)$  signifies those comparisons where your average score was at least comparable to that of the high-performing group. However, the presence of a check mark does not necessarily mean that your institution was a member of that group.

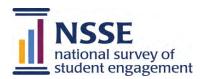
It should be noted that most of the variability in student engagement is within, not between, institutions. Even "high-performing" institutions have students with engagement levels below the average for all institutions.

First-Year	Students			Your first-year stude	nts compared with	า	
		UMD	NSSE T	Top 50%	NSSE T	op 10%	
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size ✓	Mean	Effect size	$\checkmark$
	Higher-Order Learning	34.9	39.3 ***	34	41.4 ***	51	
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	32.7	36.7 ***	34	39.0 ***	54	
Challenge	Learning Strategies	35.0	39.9 ***	36	42.3 ***	52	
	Quantitative Reasoning	28.0	29.4 **	09	31.4 ***	22	
Learning	Collaborative Learning	33.7	35.2 **	11	37.4 ***	27	
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	37.2	41.5 ***	28	43.6 ***	44	
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	18.7	24.5 ***	39	28.1 ***	61	
	Effective Teaching Practices	36.0	40.5 ***	34	42.3 ***	44	
Campus	Quality of Interactions	42.1	45.2 ***	27	47.2 ***	44	
	Supportive Environment	32.9	37.9 ***	38	40.0 ***	56	
Seniors				Your seniors co	mpared with		
		UMD	NSSE T	op 50%	NSSE T	op 10%	
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size ✓	Mean	Effect size	$\checkmark$
	Higher-Order Learning	37.8	41.7 ***	29	43.2 ***	41	
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	36.7	39.8 ***	26	41.8 ***	42	
Challenge	Learning Strategies	34.1	40.7 ***	45	42.7 ***	59	
	Quantitative Reasoning	31.1	31.4	02 ✓	33.4 ***	14	
Learning	Collaborative Learning	36.2	35.9	.02 ✓	38.4 ***	16	
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	37.2	42.1 ***	31	43.8 ***	43	
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	23.8	29.7 ***	37	33.2 ***	60	
with Faculty	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	38.2	41.8 ***	26	43.7 ***	41	
Campus	Quality of Interactions	41.9	45.2 ***	29	47.4 ***	46	
	Supportive Environment	30.3	34.6 ***	31	36.8 ***	46	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation; \*p < .05, \*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

a. Precision-weighted means (produced by Hierarchical Linear Modeling) were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each Engagement Indicator from all NSSE 2019 and 2020 institutions, separately by class. Using this method, Engagement Indicator scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors were adjusted toward the mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors received smaller corrections. As a result, schools with less stable data—even those with high average scores—may not be among the top scorers. NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release institutional results and our policy against ranking institutions.

b. Check marks are assigned to comparisons that are either significant and positive, or non-significant with an effect size > -.10.



# Detailed Statistics<sup>a</sup> University of Minnesota Duluth

## **Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students**

Detailed Statistics. I ii st		n statisti	cs	Percentile <sup>d</sup> scores					Comparison results			
		h							Deg. of	Mean	f	Effect
Academic Challenge	Mean	SD <sup>b</sup>	SE <sup>c</sup>	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom <sup>e</sup>	diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	size <sup>g</sup>
Academic Challenge Higher-Order Learning												
_	24.0	11.0	42	1.5	25	25	40	55				
UMD (N = 768)	34.9	11.9	.43	15	25	35	40	55	1.024	1.7	000	120
UMD Peers	36.6	12.8	.17	15	30	40	45	60	1,024	-1.7	.000	132
UMD Competitors	36.6	12.4	.17	20	30	35	45	60	5,999	-1.7	.000	135
NSSE Carnegie	37.6	13.1	.15	20	30	40	45	60	956	-2.7	.000	205
Top 50%	39.3	13.1	.03	20	30	40	50	60	773	-4.4	.000	338
Top 10%	41.4	12.8	.06	20	35	40	50	60	799	-6.5	.000	506
Reflective & Integrative Learnin	ng											
UMD $(N = 818)$	32.7	10.7	.37	17	26	31	40	51				
UMD Peers	34.2	11.8	.15	17	26	34	43	54	1,103	-1.5	.000	132
UMD Competitors	33.8	11.5	.15	17	26	34	40	54	1,111	-1.1	.007	096
NSSE Carnegie	34.7	11.9	.13	17	26	34	43	57	1,022	-2.0	.000	169
Top 50%	36.7	11.8	.03	17	29	37	46	57	824	-4.0	.000	339
Top 10%	39.0	11.7	.06	20	31	40	49	60	865	-6.3	.000	536
Learning Strategies												
UMD $(N = 740)$	35.0	12.6	.46	13	27	33	40	60				
UMD Peers	37.1	13.6	.19	13	27	40	47	60	990	-2.1	.000	153
UMD Competitors	36.9	13.3	.19	20	27	40	47	60	1,001	-1.9	.000	140
NSSE Carnegie	38.7	13.6	.16	20	27	40	47	60	914	-3.7	.000	271
Top 50%	39.9	13.7	.03	20	33	40	53	60	745	-4.9	.000	357
Top 10%	42.3	14.1	.07	20	33	40	53	60	771	-7.3	.000	518
Quantitative Reasoning												
UMD (N = 746)	28.0	14.1	.52	7	20	27	40	53				
UMD Peers	28.2	14.7	.20	7	20	27	40	60	6,133	2	.671	017
UMD Competitors	28.2	14.2	.20	7	20	27	40	60	5,752	2	.718	014
NSSE Carnegie	28.4	14.8	.17	7	20	27	40	60	912	4	.486	026
Top 50%	29.4	15.2	.03	7	20	27	40	60	750	-1.4	.006	094
Top 10%	31.4	15.3	.07	7	20	33	40	60	770	-3.4	.000	221
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
UMD (N = 870)	33.7	12.9	.44	15	25	35	40	60				
UMD Peers	33.1	13.8	.17	10	25	35	40	60	1,144	.6	.207	.044
UMD Competitors	33.1	13.5	.17	10	25	35	40	60	1,162	.6	.198	.045
NSSE Carnegie	32.4	13.7	.14	10	20	30	40	60	1,065	1.3	.004	.097
Top 50%	35.2	13.7	.03	15	25	35	45	60	875	-1.4	.004	106
Top 10%	37.4	13.7	.06	15	30	40	45	60	897	-3.7	.000	271
Discussions with Diverse Other												
Discussions with Diverse Other		12.0	E 1	1.5	25	40	4.5	(0)				
UMD (N = 739)	37.2	13.9	.51	15	25	40	45	60	005	2.5	000	171
UMD Peers	39.8	15.1	.21	15	30	40	55	60	997	-2.6	.000	171
UMD Competitors	36.7	14.9	.21	15	25	40	45	60	1,008	.6	.315	.038
NSSE Carnegie	39.7	15.7	.18	15	30	40	55	60	932	-2.4	.000	158
Top 50% Top 10%	41.5	15.0	.03	20 20	30	40 45	55 60	60	743 761	-4.2 -6.4	.000	282
	43.6	14.5	.06		35			60				440



# Detailed Statistics<sup>a</sup> University of Minnesota Duluth

### **Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students**

	Mea	n statisti	rs		Perce	ntile <sup>d</sup> sco	ores		Comparison results			
-	Wica	ii statisti		-	1 6166	Titlic 300	71.03	<del></del>	Deg. of	Mean	resures	Effect
	Mean	SD b	SE c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom <sup>e</sup>	diff.	Sig. f	size <sup>g</sup>
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
UMD $(N = 788)$	18.7	13.3	.47	0	10	15	25	45				
UMD Peers	21.6	14.5	.19	0	10	20	30	50	1,057	-2.9	.000	201
UMD Competitors	20.8	13.8	.19	0	10	20	30	45	6,164	-2.1	.000	151
NSSE Carnegie	21.9	14.5	.16	0	10	20	30	50	976	-3.1	.000	218
Top 50%	24.5	14.7	.04	5	15	20	35	55	797	-5.7	.000	390
Top 10%	28.1	15.5	.11	5	15	25	40	60	877	-9.4	.000	610
Effective Teaching Practices												
UMD $(N = 770)$	36.0	11.0	.39	20	28	36	44	56				
UMD Peers	36.7	12.6	.17	16	28	36	44	60	1,073	7	.096	058
UMD Competitors	36.9	12.3	.17	20	28	36	44	60	1,079	8	.052	069
NSSE Carnegie	38.1	13.3	.15	16	28	40	48	60	1,002	-2.1	.000	157
Top 50%	40.5	13.2	.03	20	32	40	52	60	780	-4.5	.000	342
Top 10%	42.3	14.1	.07	16	32	44	56	60	813	-6.3	.000	444
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
UMD $(N = 709)$	42.1	10.2	.38	24	36	43	50	58				
UMD Peers	42.6	11.2	.16	22	36	44	50	60	965	4	.298	039
UMD Competitors	42.9	11.0	.16	22	36	44	50	60	974	7	.081	067
NSSE Carnegie	43.4	11.8	.14	22	36	45	52	60	907	-1.3	.002	108
Top 50%	45.2	11.2	.03	24	38	46	54	60	716	-3.0	.000	272
Top 10%	47.2	11.6	.06	25	40	50	58	60	744	-5.1	.000	437
Supportive Environment												
UMD $(N = 717)$	32.9	11.5	.43	15	25	33	40	55				
UMD Peers	35.4	12.9	.18	15	28	35	43	60	985	-2.5	.000	195
UMD Competitors	34.4	12.6	.18	15	25	35	43	60	992	-1.6	.001	126
NSSE Carnegie	37.1	13.7	.16	15	28	38	48	60	927	-4.2	.000	311
Top 50%	37.9	13.1	.03	18	30	38	48	60	724	-5.0	.000	382
Top 10%	40.0	12.9	.07	18	33	40	50	60	757	-7.1	.000	556

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

IPEDS: 174233

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 x SE) is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



# Detailed Statistics<sup>a</sup> University of Minnesota Duluth

**Detailed Statistics: Seniors** 

	Mea	n statisti	CS		Percei	ntile <sup>d</sup> scc	res		-	mparison	results	
	Mean	SD <sup>b</sup>	SE <sup>c</sup>	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom <sup>e</sup>	Mean diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	Effect size <sup>g</sup>
Academic Challenge	Wicum			301	2501	30111	7501	3311	j.ccuo	۵.,,,	3.9.	5,20
Higher-Order Learning												
UMD $(N = 725)$	37.8	12.7	.47	20	30	40	45	60				
UMD Peers	39.6	13.3	.16	20	30	40	50	60	7,526	-1.8	.000	139
UMD Competitors	39.2	12.9	.18	20	30	40	50	60	5,691	-1.4	.006	110
NSSE Carnegie	40.4	13.5	.15	20	30	40	50	60	9,114	-2.6	.000	195
Top 50%	41.7	13.4	.03	20	35	40	55	60	730	-3.9	.000	294
Top 10%	43.2	13.3	.06	20	35	40	55	60	748	-5.4	.000	406
Reflective & Integrative Learnin	ng											
UMD $(N = 772)$	36.7	11.9	.43	17	29	37	46	57				
UMD Peers	37.6	12.4	.15	17	29	37	46	60	7,958	9	.068	069
UMD Competitors	37.4	12.1	.17	20	29	37	46	60	5,990	7	.127	059
NSSE Carnegie	38.9	12.4	.13	20	31	40	49	60	9,661	-2.2	.000	175
Top 50%	39.8	12.2	.03	20	31	40	49	60	196,484	-3.1	.000	255
Top 10%	41.8	12.0	.07	20	34	40	51	60	32,336	-5.1	.000	421
Learning Strategies												
UMD $(N = 697)$	34.1	14.3	.54	13	27	33	47	60				
UMD Peers	37.5	14.3	.18	13	27	40	47	60	7,218	-3.4	.000	240
UMD Competitors	36.5	14.2	.20	13	27	40	47	60	5,518	-2.4	.000	165
NSSE Carnegie	39.3	14.1	.16	20	27	40	53	60	8,754	-5.2	.000	369
Top 50%	40.7	14.5	.03	20	33	40	53	60	219,082	-6.6	.000	454
Top 10%	42.7	14.4	.05	20	33	40	60	60	70,985	-8.6	.000	593
Quantitative Reasoning												
UMD $(N = 707)$	31.1	15.2	.57	7	20	33	40	60				
UMD Peers	30.3	16.0	.20	0	20	27	40	60	882	.8	.181	.051
UMD Competitors	30.0	15.6	.22	0	20	27	40	60	5,575	1.1	.078	.071
NSSE Carnegie	30.2	16.2	.18	0	20	27	40	60	851	.9	.124	.057
Top 50%	31.4	16.1	.03	0	20	33	40	60	710	3	.613	018
Top 10%	33.4	15.9	.07	7	20	33	40	60	55,360	-2.2	.000	141
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
UMD $(N = 808)$	36.2	13.5	.48	15	25	35	45	60				
UMD Peers	34.9	13.8	.16	15	25	35	45	60	8,380	1.3	.010	.096
UMD Competitors	34.8	14.2	.19	10	25	35	45	60	6,263	1.5	.005	.105
NSSE Carnegie	34.5	14.1	.15	10	25	35	45	60	10,156	1.8	.001	.127
Top 50%	35.9	14.0	.03	15	25	35	45	60	259,108	.3	.545	.021
Top 10%	38.4	13.6	.06	15	30	40	50	60	45,881	-2.2	.000	159
Discussions with Diverse Others												
UMD $(N = 705)$	37.2	13.6	.51	15	25	35	45	60				
UMD Peers	40.6	15.5	.19	15	30	40	55	60	914	-3.4	.000	222
UMD Competitors	36.6	14.8	.21	15	25	35	45	60	965	.6	.302	.039
NSSE Carnegie	40.8	15.4	.17	15	30	40	55	60	870	-3.6	.000	233
Top 50%	42.1	15.5	.03	15	30	40	60 60	60 60	709	-4.8	.000	312
Top 10%	43.8	15.3	.06	20	35	45			723	-6.6		430



# Detailed Statistics<sup>a</sup> University of Minnesota Duluth

**Detailed Statistics: Seniors** 

	Mea	n statistio	CS		Perce	ntile <sup>d</sup> sco	ores		Со	mparison	results	
									Deg. of	Mean		Effect
	Mean	SD <sup>b</sup>	SE <sup>c</sup>	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom <sup>e</sup>	diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	size <sup>g</sup>
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
UMD $(N = 748)$	23.8	14.7	.54	0	15	20	35	50				
UMD Peers	24.8	15.6	.19	0	15	20	35	55	7,692	-1.0	.085	066
UMD Competitors	24.6	15.2	.21	0	15	20	35	55	5,808	9	.143	057
NSSE Carnegie	26.1	16.2	.17	0	15	25	35	60	912	-2.3	.000	144
Top 50%	29.7	15.9	.05	5	20	30	40	60	760	-5.9	.000	372
Top 10%	33.2	16.0	.12	10	20	35	45	60	823	-9.5	.000	596
Effective Teaching Practices												
UMD $(N = 725)$	38.2	11.9	.44	20	32	40	48	60				
UMD Peers	39.4	13.2	.16	16	32	40	48	60	928	-1.2	.014	088
UMD Competitors	38.9	13.0	.18	16	32	40	48	60	995	7	.162	052
NSSE Carnegie	40.5	13.6	.15	16	32	40	52	60	898	-2.3	.000	171
Top 50%	41.8	13.7	.03	20	32	40	52	60	733	-3.6	.000	260
Top 10%	43.7	13.4	.07	20	36	44	56	60	761	-5.5	.000	410
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
UMD $(N = 665)$	41.9	11.4	.44	20	36	44	50	60				
UMD Peers	42.3	11.5	.15	22	36	44	50	60	6,772	4	.344	039
UMD Competitors	42.1	11.3	.17	22	36	44	50	60	5,153	2	.633	020
NSSE Carnegie	43.3	12.1	.14	20	36	44	52	60	799	-1.4	.003	115
Top 50%	45.2	11.7	.03	24	38	48	54	60	178,161	-3.3	.000	285
Top 10%	47.4	12.0	.05	24	40	50	58	60	681	-5.5	.000	457
Supportive Environment												
UMD $(N = 681)$	30.3	12.4	.48	10	23	30	38	53				
UMD Peers	32.5	13.6	.17	10	23	33	40	58	864	-2.2	.000	165
UMD Competitors	31.1	13.0	.19	10	23	30	40	55	910	8	.139	059
NSSE Carnegie	33.8	14.3	.16	10	23	35	43	60	844	-3.5	.000	244
Top 50%	34.6	14.0	.03	13	25	35	45	60	687	-4.3	.000	308
Top 10%	36.8	14.1	.08	13	28	38	48	60	717	-6.5	.000	463

 $a. \ Results \ weighted \ by \ institution-reported \ sex \ and \ enrollment \ status \ (and \ institutional \ size \ for \ comparison \ groups).$ 

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b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 x SE) is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.